## 



The economic interfaces to the process

The wide range of digital I/O modules offers optimum adaptability

■ Economic: The modular structure means that it is only necessary to include (and pay for) those functions that are actually required for a specific application.

■ Flexible: All modules of the I/O level can be plugged onto any preferred point on the bus and are easy to exchange.
■ Functional security: Guaranteed by their robust design and excellent reliability (average field failure rate FFR $>10^{6}$ hours).

■ Time saved in electrical wiring: Due to plug-in screw terminals, spring terminals or ready-made cable variants and ribbon terminal adapters.

## Overview of digital input/output modules

| Type | Total I/Os | Input voltage | Breaking capacity DC | AC | Input <br> filter | Electrical isolation | Current draw ${ }^{1}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PCD2.E110 | 81 | 15...30 VDC ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 8 ms | no | typ. 12 mA |
| PCD2.E111 | 81 | 15...30VDC ${ }^{2}$ ) |  |  | 0.2 ms | no | typ. 12 mA |
| PCD2.E160/.. 5 | 161 | 15...30VDC |  |  | 8 ms | no | typ. 50 mA |
| PCD2.E161/.. 6 | 161 | 15...30VDC |  |  | 0.2 ms | no | typ. 50 mA |
| PCD2.E610 | 81 | 15...30VDC ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | 10 ms | yes | typ. 12 mA |
| PCD2.E611 | 81 | 15...30VDC ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | 1 ms | yes | typ. 12 mA |
| PCD2.E500 | 61 | 115...230VAC |  |  | 20 ms | yes | typ. 1 mA |
| PCD2.B100 | $\begin{aligned} & 21+20+ \\ & 41 / 0 \end{aligned}$ | I: $15 \ldots . .32 \mathrm{VDC}$0 : |  |  | 8 ms | no | typ. 15 mA |
|  |  |  | 0.5A/5...32 VDC |  |  | no |  |
| PCD2.A400 | 80, transistor |  | 0.5A/5...32VDC |  |  | no | typ. 15 mA |
| PCD2.A410 | 80, transistor |  | 0.5A/5...32 VDC |  |  | yes | typ. 15 mA |
| PCD2.A460/.. 5 | 160, transistor |  | 0.5A/10...32VDC |  |  | no ${ }^{4}$ | typ. 50 mA |
| PCD2.A300 | 60, transistor |  | 2A/10...32 VDC |  |  | no | typ. 12 mA |
| PCD2.A200 | 40, relay (make) |  | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 2A/250 VAC |  | yes ${ }^{5}$ | typ. 10 mA |
| PCD2.A210 | 40, relay (break) |  | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ |  | yes ${ }^{5}$ | typ. 10 mA |
| PCD2.A220 | 60, relay (make) |  | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ |  | yes | typ. 12 mA |
| PCD2.A250 | 80, relay (make) |  | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | $2 \mathrm{~A} / 48 \mathrm{VAC}$ |  | yes | typ. 15 mA |

${ }^{1)}$ Current draw from internal 5 V bus (depending on number of active input or output channels), loading capacity max. 750 mA for PCD1 and max. 1600 mA for PCD2
${ }^{2}$ ) Special: 5VDC, 12VDC ${ }^{3}$ ) Special: 5VDC, 48VDC ${ }^{4}$ ) with short-circuit protection ${ }^{5}$ ) with contact protection

Mechanical refinement of I/O level concept


## Digital input modules

Input modules with 8 inputs, 24 VDC


| Number of inputs | 8, electrically connected <br> 24VDC |
| :--- | :--- |
| Input voltage | (special: $5 \mathrm{VDC}, 12 \mathrm{VDC}$ ) |
| Input signal | low $-30 \ldots+5 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | high $15 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Input current | 6 mA per input at |
|  | 24 VDC |

Current draw
internally from 5V bus typ. 12 mA (max. 24 mA )
Connection diagram


Sink operation


Source operation: switch open = signal state low, LED off
Sink operation: switch open = signal state high, LED on
PCD2.E110 Input delay typ. 8 ms (pulsed voltage possible)
PCD2.E111 Input delay typ. 0.2 ms (smoothed voltage required)

Input modules with 16 inputs, 24 VDC


Number of inputs
16, electrically connected 24VDC
low $-30 . . .+5 \mathrm{~V}$
high 15...30V
4 mA per input at 24VDC
Current draw
internally from 5V bus typ. 50 mA (max. 72 mA )
Connection diagram (ribbon cable/spring terminal block)


Source operation: switch open $=$ signal state low, LED off
Sink operation: switch open = signal state high, LED on
Connection via 34-pole ribbon cable:
PCD2.E160 Input delay typ. 8 ms (pulsed voltage possible)
PCD2.E161 Input delay typ. 0.2 ms (smoothed voltage required)
Connection via 20-pole spring terminal block:
PCD2.E165
Input delay typ. 8ms (pulsed voltage possible)
PCD2.E166 Input delay typ. 0.2 ms (smoothed voltage required)

Input modules with 8 inputs, 24 VDC, electrically isolated
$\left.\begin{array}{ll}\text { Number of inputs } \\ \text { Input voltage } & \begin{array}{l}\text { 8, electrically isolated } \\ 24 \mathrm{VDC}\end{array} \\ \text { (special: } 5 \mathrm{VDC}, 48 \mathrm{VDC} \text { ) } \\ \text { low } 30 \ldots+5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \text { high } 15 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~V}\end{array}\right)$

Connection diagram

Source operation
Supply voltage min. 15 V
Input current 5 mA


Sink operation
Supply voltage min. 18 V
nput current 4 mA


Source operation: switch open = signal state low, LED off
Sink operation: switch open = signal state high, LED on

PCD2.E610 Input delay typ. 10 ms (pulsed voltage possible)
PCD2.E611 Input delay typ. 1 ms (smoothed voltage required)

Input module with 6 inputs, $115 . . .230$ VAC, electrically isolated

|  | Number of inputs | 6, electrically isolated, source operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Input voltage | 80...250VAC sine |
|  | Input signal | Iow 0...40VAC |
| - |  | high 80...250VAC |
| 27\% | Input current | 6 mA at 115VAC |
|  | (wattless current) | 12 mA at 230VAC |
|  | Input delay | typ. 20 ms |
|  | Current draw |  |
|  | internally from 5Vbus | max. 1 mA |

Connection diagram (source operation)


Switch open $=$ signal state low, LED off

PCD2.E500 Input module with 6 inputs 115...230VAC

## Transistor output modules

Transistor output module with 8 outputs, 0.5 A/24VDC


Output transmitting (set) $=$ LED on
PCD2.A400 Transistor output module with 8 outputs, 24VDC/0.5A, electrically isolated

Transistor output module with 8 outputs, 0.5 A/24VDC, electrically isolated


| Number of outputs | 8, electrically isolated <br> Output current $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{a}}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $5 \ldots .500 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| Overall power | 4 A at continuous duty |
|  | (per module) |
| Voltage range $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{a}}$ | $5 \ldots . .32 \mathrm{VDC}$ smoothed |
|  | $10 . .25 \mathrm{VDC}$ pulsed <br> Voltage drop |
| max. 0.4 V at 0.5 A |  |
| Output delay | max. $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ (on) |
|  | max. $500 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ (off) |

Current draw
internally from 5V bus typ. 15 mA (max. 24 mA )
Connection diagram (source operation)


Output transmitting (set) $=$ LED on
PCD2.A410 Transistor output module with 8 outputs, 24VDC/0.5A, electrically isolated

Transistor output modules with 16 outputs, 0.5A/24 VDC

| Number of outputs | 16, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| electrically connected |  |

Connection diagram with ribbon connector and spring terminal block (source operation)


Output state indicated by trichromatic LED
PCD2.A460 Connection via 34-pole ribbon connector PCD2.A465 Connection via 20-pole spring terminal block

Transistor output module with 6 outputs, 2 A/24VDC


## Relay output modules

Relay output module with 4 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250$ VAC or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50$ VDC

Number of outputs
Rupturing capacity

4, electrically isolated "make" contacts, protected
2A, 250VAC AC1
1A, 250VAC AC11 2A, 50VDC DC1
1A, 24VDC DC11
VDR and RC
24VDC, smoothed or pulsed
typ. 5 ms at 24VDC
Output delay
Current draw
internally from 5Vbus typ. 10 mA (max. 15 mA ) externally

8 mA per relay
Connection diagram


Relay excited (contact closed) $=$ LED on
PCD2.A200 Relay output module with 4 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$

Relay output module with 4 "break" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250$ VAC or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$


Contact protection Supply voltage

Output delay Current draw internally from 5V bus typ. 10 mA (max. 15 mA ) externally

9 mA per relay
Connection diagram


Relay excited (contact closed) $=$ LED on
PCD2.A210 Relay output module with 4 "break" contacts, 2 A/250VAC or $2 A / 50 V D C$
"break" contacts, protected
2A, 250VAC AC1
1A, 250VAC AC11
2A, 50VDC DC1
1A, 24VDC DC11
VDR and RC
24VDC, smoothed or pulsed
typ. 5 ms at 24 VDC

Relay output module with 6 "make" contacts, 2 A/250 VAC or 2 A/50 VDC

Number of outputs

6 "make" contacts in 2 groups
Rupturing capacity $2 \mathrm{~A}, 250$ VAC AC1 1A, 250VAC AC11 2A, 50VDC DC1 1A, 24VDC DC11 24VDC, smoothed or pulsed typ. 5 ms at 24VDC
Output delay
Current draw
internally from 5V bus typ. 12 mA (max. 20 mA ) externally

8 mA per relay
Connection diagram


Relay excited (contact closed) = LED on
PCD2.A220 Relay output module with 6 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$

Relay output module with 8 "make" contacts, 2 A/48 VAC or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$


Number of outputs
8 "make" contacts in 2 groups

|  | 2 groups |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rupturing capacity | 2A, 48VAC AC1 |
|  | 1A, 48VAC AC11 |
|  | 2A, 50VDC DC1 |
|  | 1A, 24VDC DC11 |
| Supply voltage | 24VDC, smoothed or <br> pulsed |
| Output delay | typ. 5 ms at 24VDC |

Current draw
internally from 5V bus typ. 15 mA (max. 25 mA ) externally $\quad 8 \mathrm{~mA}$ per relay

Connection diagram


Relay excited (contact closed) $=$ LED on
The compact construction does not allow safety distances for 230 VAC to be maintained.

PCD2.A250 Relay output module with 8 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 48 \mathrm{VAC}$ or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$

## Combined input/output module Counting and measuring module

## Combined input/output module

with 2 inputs, $24 \mathrm{~V} / 8 \mathrm{~ms}$ for source operation, electrically connected, and 2 transistor outputs $0.5 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \ldots 32 \mathrm{VDC}$, electrically connected, not short-circuit proof, plus 4 combined input/outputs $24 \mathrm{~V} / 8 \mathrm{~ms}$ or $0.5 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \ldots 32 \mathrm{VDC}$ on common I/O terminals.


Number of inputs
Input voltage
Input signal
E0 and E1
E/A2...E/A5
Input current
Input delay

Number of outputs

Output current $I_{a}$
Overall power
Voltage range $\mathrm{U}_{\mathrm{a}}$
Voltage drop
for A6 and A7
for E/A2...E/A5
Output delay
max. 0.3 V at 0.5 A max. 0.7 V at 0.5 A typ. $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ or max. $100 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ (off)
Current draw
internally from 5 V bus typ. 15 mA (max. 25 mA )
Connection diagram (source operation)


Regarding inputs:
Switch open = signal state low, LED off
Regarding outputs:
Output transmitting (set) $=$ LED on

PCD2.B100 Combined input/output module with 2 inputs, 2 transistor outputs and 4 selectable inputs or outputs

PCD2.H100: Counting module up to 20 kHz


Its two counting inputs $A$ and $B$, plus the fast CCO (counter controlled output), simplify the capture and control of revolutions, distances, volumes, etc.

## Technical data

Counting frequency max. 20kHz (impulse/pause ratio 50\%)
Counting range $0 . .65535$ (16 bit), series connection possible with CPU counters
Inputs IN-A and IN-B with recognition of rotational direction
Input signals $24 \mathrm{VDC}(\mathrm{L}=-30 \ldots+5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{H}=+15 \ldots 30 \mathrm{~V})$, in source operation
Input current
Output
typ. 7.5 mA
CCO (Counter Controlled Output)
Switching capacity $5 . . .500 \mathrm{~mA}$ at $5 \ldots 32 \mathrm{VDC}$
Circuit type galvanically connected, not shortcircuit protected, positive switching typ. 2 V at 500 mA

PCD2.H110: Counting and measuring module up to 100 kHz

for counting and measurement of frequencies and period or pulse length.

The ..H110 counting and measuring module uses a modern FPGA component (field programmable gate array), which can also be programmed for other specific OEM tasks by means of plug-in PROM. For this purpose, 4 inputs, 4 outputs and $2 \times 4$ LEDs are provided to the outside.

Main characteristics

- Up to 12 PCD2.H110 modules in parallel operation can be inserted in one PCD2, or up to 4 in one PCD1.
- Counting and measuring functions can be utilized simultaneously in the same module.
- As a counting module
- Counting frequency up to 100 kHz
- Counting range 0... 16777215 (24bit)
- Preset value 0... 16777215 (24bit)
- Up or down counting to preset value
- 2 digital inputs $A$ and $B$ with recognition of rotational direction
- 1 direct counter output CCO
- Selectable counting modes $\times 1, \times 2, \times 4$
- For frequency measurement
- Frequency range 500 Hz to 100 kHz
- Measurement range 0... 65535 (16bit)
- Accuracy $\geq 1 \%$ (depending on measurement time)
- The fast TCO output can be used at the end of a measurement, e. g. to trigger an interrupt.
- To measure period or pulse length
- Frequency range 0.27 mHz to 500 Hz
- Period or pulse lengths from 2 ms to 1 h
- The fast TCO output can be used at the end of a measurement, e. g. to trigger an interrupt.
- Special OEM versions allow use of up to 4 digital inputs and 4 digital outputs.


## Electrical connection of I/O modules

All I/O modules have plug-in terminal connection blocks as standard. These allow modules to be exchanged without undoing the connections. Other types of connection are also available.

## Standard connection via screw terminals

The majority of I/O modules have screw terminal blocks for connecting wires up to $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

## Standard connection of modules with $16 \mathrm{I} / 0 \mathrm{~s}$

Types with a spring terminal block take max. $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ connection wires. Standard, 34-pole ribbon cable connectors will fit on types with a ribbon connector.

## Spring terminals as an option for PCD2.M170/..M177

A spring terminal block (item number: $4^{\prime} 405^{\prime} 4914^{\prime} 0$ ), which can be attached in place of the screw terminal block, is available for all 10-pole I/O modules. The terminals take connecting wires of $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or $1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ fine-strand. On request, the relevant modules can also be supplied ready assembled (Indicate on order: "with spring terminal block").

## Plug-on system cable with connector at PCD end

The route to quick, convenient connection includes this preassembled cable. At the PCD end of the cable the connector is ready mounted, so connection is just a matter of plugging it in. More information can be obtained from documentation 26/326.


PCD2.K221, length $1.5 \mathrm{~m} /$ PCD2.K223, length 3.0 m
For digital I/O modules with 16 inputs or 16 outputs and 34-pole ribbon connector


Sheathed, round cable with 32 strands of $0.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (AWG 24)
34-pole ribbon connector at PCD end, free ends on process side, 100 mm , unsheathed, strands with colour code

PCD2.K261, length $1.5 \mathrm{~m} /$ PCD2.K263, length 3.0 m
For digital I/O modules with 10-pole, plug-in screw terminal blocks (remove existing terminal block)


Sheathed, round cable with 10 strands of $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
10-pole, plug-in screw terminal block at PCD end, free ends on process side, unsheathed for 100 mm , with numbered strands

PCD2.K281, length $1.5 \mathrm{~m} /$ PCD2.K283, length 3.0 m
For ..A250 relayoutputmodulewith 8relays and 14-pole, plugin screw terminal block (remove existing terminal block)


Sheathed, round cable with 14 strands of $0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
14-pole, plug-in screw terminal block at PCD end, free ends on process side, unsheathed for 100 mm , with numbered strands

## Ordering information

| Type | Description | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Digital input modules |  |
|  | with 8 inputs, 24 VDC |  |
| PCD2.E110 | Input delay typ. 8 ms (pulsed voltage possible) | 35 g |
| PCD2.E111 | Input delay typ. 0.2 ms (smoothed voltage required) | 35 g |
|  | with 16 inputs, 24 VDC |  |
|  | Connection via 34-pole ribbon connector: |  |
| PCD2.E160 | Input delay typ. 8 ms (pulsed voltage possible) | 25g |
| PCD2.E161 | Input delay typ. 0.2 ms (smoothed voltage required) | 25 g |
|  | Connection via 20-pole spring terminal block: |  |
| PCD2.E165 | Input delay typ. 8 ms (pulsed voltage possible) | 30g |
| PCD2.E166 | Input delay typ. 0.2 ms (smoothed voltage required) | 30 g |
|  | with 8 inputs, 24 VDC , electrically isolated |  |
| PCD2.E610 | Input delay typ. 10 ms (pulsed voltage possible) | 40g |
| PCD2.E611 | Input delay typ. 1 ms (smoothed voltage required) | 40g |
| PCD2.E500 | with 6 inputs, 115... 230 VAC | 55 g |
|  | Transistor output modules |  |
| PCD2.A400 | with 8 outputs, $24 \mathrm{VDC} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 40g |
| PCD2.A410 | with 8 outputs, $24 \mathrm{VDC} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$, electrically isolated | 40 g |
|  | with 16 outputs, $0.5 \mathrm{~A} / 24 \mathrm{VDC}$ |  |
| PCD2.A460 | Connection via 34-pole ribbon connector | 30 g |
| PCD2.A465 | Connection via 20 -pole spring terminal block | 35 g |
| PCD2.A300 | with 6 outputs, $24 \mathrm{VDC} / 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 45 g |
|  | Relay output modules |  |
| PCD2.A200 | with 4 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250 \mathrm{VAC}$ or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 60 g |
| PCD2.A210 | with 4 "break" contacts, 2A/250 VAC or 2 A/50VDC | 60 g |
| PCD2.A220 | with 6 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 250$ VAC or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 65 g |
| PCD2.A250 | with 8 "make" contacts, $2 \mathrm{~A} / 48 \mathrm{VAC}$ or $2 \mathrm{~A} / 50 \mathrm{VDC}$ | 65 g |
| PCD2.B100 | Combined input/output module with 2 inputs, 2 transistor outputs and 4 selectable inputs or outputs | 45 g |
| PCD2.H100 | Counting module up to 20 kHz | 45 g |
| PCD2.H110 | Counting and measuring module up to 100 kHz | 45 g |
| 4'405'4914'0 | Spring terminal block as accessory with 10 terminals, only for use on PCD2.M 170/..M177 base units, can be inserted in place of standard screw terminal blocks ${ }^{1}$ ) | 12 g |
|  | Plug-in screw terminal blocks (replacement) |  |
| 4'405'4847'0 | with 10 terminals (standard) | 17 g |
| 4'405'4869'0 | with 14 terminals (for ..A250) | 9 g |

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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ ) On request, the relevant modules can also be supplied ready assembled (Indicate on order: "with spring terminal block")

